



Deen aur Hum

Short Term Religious Course-X

Lecture Number: 12

Ramadhan-ul-Mubarak, 1447/2026, Lucknow (INDIA)

Date: 27/02/2026

SUMMARY (Level 2)

Topic: Nabuwwat

Aayaat: Sura-e-Mubarakae Baqarah [02], Ayat: 213-214

Note: The purpose of uploading these summaries is simply to help students. Given the possibility of error, please note that for the exam, the lecture given in class will be the primary reference, not the summary.

Hamara Safar Allah (Tauheed) se shuru hota hai aur hamari manzil Allah (Qayamat) hai. Iska koi raasta batane wala (guide) hona chahiye jo Nabi hai.

1. Nabi kise kehte hain?

Nabi Arbi lafz hai jo "Naba" se nikla hai yaani "khabar" jiska dictionary me matlab hai "Mufeed khabar" ,"Jis khabar se ilm hasil ho." Nabi Allah ki taraf se aese maarif ki khabar dete hai jinse sukoon milta hai.

2. Nabi ki zarurat

- a. **Qaydae lutf :** Khuda ki mohabbat, meherbani aur hamari jehalat ka taqaza ye hai ke wo hamare liye hidayat ka khud intezaam kare. Shia ulama kahte hain insan sahabe ikhtiyar hai lekin Allah ki madad or lutf ke baghair apne faraez anjam nhi de sakta isliye, hidayat ka intezaam zaruri hai. Muqadmae Awwal:- Allah hakeem hai or Insan ka Khaliq hai. Muqadmae Dowwum:- Hakeem bemaqsad or befaeda kaam nahi karta. Nateeja- Khuda ne Insan ko bamaqsad paida kiya hai. Lekin ham khud us maqsad tak nahi pohonch sakte jiske liye kisi Haadi ka hona zaruri hai or jo hame maqsad tak pohonchata hai use Nabi kahte hai.

3. Faraeze Paighambar

- a. Insano ko Sa'adat ka rasta dikhana (Khushbaqti) Surah Baqarah Aayat 151.
b. Insano tak Ilahi qanoon pohonchana.
c. Insano ki tarbiyat karna.

Ambiya apne Faraez Do tareeqe se anjam dete hai:

Kabhi insanon ko naseehat karke aur un khatron se Aagah karke jo unhe ghare hue hai. Apne sahi amal aur kirdar ke zariye. (Surah Ahzaab Aayat 21)

4. Nabuwat kaise saabit hoti hai?

- a. Nishaniyon ko jama karna.
b. Guzra hua Paighambar aane wale Paighambar ke baare mein batae.
c. Mojiza (Surah Baqarah Aayat 23):
i. Mojiz lafz se bana hai jiske mayne hai, "Kamzor bana dene wala", "jisko log karne se aajiz ho."

5. Nabi ki Ismat

Ismat yaani mehfooz rakhna yaani wo Quwat jo insan ko gunah, qata aur ghalti se bachati hai

a. Paighambar kis cheez se masoom hai?

Khabar lene aur dene dono me masoom hai.

Shia nazariya: Nabi aur Rasool wo hota h jo paidaishi se lekar marte dam tak masoom rahe usse bhul chuk nahi hoti.

Ahle sunnat ka nazariya:- Paighambar sirf gunahe kabira se masoom hota hai.

Baaz Nazariye: Baligh hone tak gunah o ghalati kar sakta hai.

Ek giroh ahle sunnat ka jise hashwiya: Paighambaro ke baaz aamal me Paighambar masoom nhi hai aam zindagi me masoom nahi hai.

b. Ismat do tarah se ho sakti hai:

- i. Gunah nahi karta, Allah ki mukhalifat se mehfooz



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ii. Khata or faramoshi se mehfooz lene aur pohncane me ghalti nahi karta. Shia aqeede ke qayel hain.

c. **Ismat ki Aqli daleel**

Agar guman kar lein ke Nabi se ghalti hui hai toh uspar kabhi bharosa nahi kiya ja sakta.

6. **Nabi, Rasool aur Ulul Azm paighambar xmein kya farq hai?**

Nabi wo hai jispar wahi (ghaib ki khabar) nazil hoti ho. Lekin zaruri nahi ke uske pass nai shari'at bhi ho. Lekin Rasool wo hai jiske pass Khuda ki jaanib se nai shari'at bhi ho or wahi bhi naazil hoti ho. Jaise Janabe Ibrahim, Musa aur Isa (as). Aur Ulul Azm Paighambar wo hain Jo Aalami (universal) shari'at lekar aata ho aur wahi bhi naazil hoti ho aur tableegh ke raaste me badi badi mushkilat jheli hon, jaise Hazrat Muhammad Mustafa (saww).