



Deen aur Hum

Short Term Religious Course-X

Ramadhan-ul-Mubarak, 1447/2026, Lucknow (INDIA)

Date: 09/03/2026

Lecture Number: 20

SUMMARY (Level 2)

Topic: *Humare Masoomeen (a.s.)*

Note: The purpose of uploading these summaries is simply to help students. Given the possibility of error, please note that for the exam, the lecture given in class will be the primary reference, not the summary.

4 saal 9 maheene zahiri hukumat ki Imam Ali a.s ne, Sabr aur isteqamat se. Imam ki sabse badi zimmedari thi ke Paighambar (saww) jo kuch chor kar gae the usko ummat tak pohanchana aur uski hifazat karna. Is daur ko Daurane Sabr o Isteqamat kahte hai.

Khutbae Shiqshiqiya:- Maine khilafat ka libas chor diya aur usse door ho gaya. Ek aesa mahaul jisme budhe thak gae the aur jawan budhe ho gae the aur momin takleef me tha yaha tak ke wo apne rab se ja mile maine dekha ke sabr karna is waqt aql se zyada nazdeek hai isliye maine sabr kiya lekin main us shakhs ke manind tha jaise aankh me phaans aur gale me haddi ho.

Kholafa ke daur me Imam Ali a.s ki sargarmiyan (3 khilafat ka daur 25 saal tha):- i. Qur'an jama karna (shane nuzul, kaha nazil hui, kab nazil hui, kyu nazil hui, misdaq kon tha). ii. Shagirdon ki tarbiyat (Ibne Abbas, Meesame Tammar , Salmane Farsi, Ammar waghaira). iii. Yahud aur Nasara ke ulama ke sawalon ke jawab dena. iv. Nae waqiat aur masael jo Paighambar (saww) ke zamane me nahi hue the unka jawab dena. v. Jangi, siyasi aur askari mashware dena.

Khilafat se shahadat tak:- Jab kog Imam Ali a.s ko manane aae ke hukumat qubool karein tab Imam ne farmaya , "Agr aane walo ki wajah se mere upar hujjate Sharai lagu na hoti toh main is hukumat ki baag door waise hi chor deta jaise pahle chor di. Tumhari duniya mere nazdeek bakri ke naak ke paani se bhi kamtar hai."

Hukumate Alawi ke numaya pahlu: Paighambar (saww) ke baad mukammal Islami hukumati model pesh kiya. Dakhili mushkilat bhi thi aur bahar ke dushmano se bhi mushkilaat thi iske bawajood:-

- i. Adalat ka qayam kiya.
- ii. Mansab ko amanate Ilahi samjha (Talha aur zubair ko mansab nahi diya).
- iii. Zindagi me saadgi.
- iv. Governer ke intekhab me ahliyat (taqwa, deeni qadrein) dekhte the. 51 numainde mukhtalif jagaho se intekhab kiye.
- v. Maqсад ke liye ghalat zariye ka istemal na karna.
- vi. Mukhalifeen ke sath accha bartaw.
- vii. Governer par nazar (Usman Ibne Hunain ke bare me jab pata chala ke wo dawat par gae hai toh khat likha ke aese logo kiya gae ho jaha pait bhare logon ko bulaya jata h gharebon ko nahi mujhe pasand nahi).
- viii. Usoolon par sakhti se Amal.