



Deen aur Hum

Short Term Religious Course-IX

Ramadhan-ul-Mubarak, 1446/2025, Lucknow (INDIA)

Lecture Number: 24

Date: 25/03/2025

SUMMARY (Level 2)

Topic: Ibadat

Ibadat Kisko Kehte Hain?

Ibadat ke maana hai Khuda ki bargah mein apni bandagi ko zahir karna. (Jo kaam Allah ki khushnudi ke liye kiya jaye, use ibadat kehte hain).

Ibadat ki Khususiyaat (Ibadat Mein Kaunsi Cheezen Honi Chahiye)

1. Marefat par mabni ho – Insan pehchanta ho ke kiske liye kar raha hai. Khuda ko aur apne aap ko pehchanta ho.
2. Ikhlas ho (Khuloos) – Riya-kaari (dikhawa) na ho.
3. Zahiri amaal se balatar ho – Sirf zahiri amal nahi, balki dil ki haalat bhi maqbool ho.
4. Roohani taraqqi ka zariya ho – Ibadat se insan ka iman aur amal behtar hona chahiye.

Ibadat Mein Niyat

- Hamaara kaam kiske liye hai? Kisko khush rakhna hai?
- "Jaisi niyat hogi, waisi hi Allah jaza dega."
- Maula Ali (a.s) ne farmaya: "Ikhlas amal ki jaan hai."

Wajib Amal ki Iqsaam (Categories of Obligatory Acts)

1. Wajib ki Pehli Qism (Based on Niyat)
 - Taa'budi – Woh ibadat jisme niyat (qasd-e-qurbat) shart hai.
 - Example: Namaz, Roza
 - Tawassuli – Isme niyat shart nahi hai.
 - Example: Maa-baap ka ehtraam karna
2. Wajib ki Dusri Qism (Based on Time)
 - Mowaqqaf (Time-bound)
 - Fauri – Jaldi wajib (e.g., Qaza Namaz)
 - Ghair-e-Fauri – Thodi der mein ada kar sakte hain (e.g., Hajj)
 - Ghair-e-Mowaqqaf – Time-bound nahi (e.g., Sadaqa)
3. Wajib ki Teesri Qism (Based on Responsibility)
 - Wajib-e-Aini – Har shakhs par farz (e.g., Rozay)
 - Wajib-e-Kafai – Agar kuch log kar lein, toh baqiyan se farz utar jata hai (e.g., Janaza ki namaz)
4. Wajib ki Chauthi Qism (Based on Nature of Obligation)
 - Wajib-e-Nafsi – Khud wajib (e.g., Namaz)
 - Wajib-e-Ghairi – Kisi ke wajib hone ki wajah se wajib (e.g., Wuzu for Namaz)